अनुक्रमांक

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APS-(905) English

Yearly Examination 2016–17 Class—IX

Subject-English

Time: 31/4 Hrs.

M. Marks: 100

Note: General instructions to the examinees—

- Candidates must first write their roll no. on the question paper compulsorily.
- All the questions are compulsory.
- For the questions having more than one part, the answers to those part are to be written together in continuity.
- Write correct serial number of each question as mentioned in the question paper.

Section - A

Read the following unseen passage and answer the questions given felow:

Albert Einstein, one of the great man of modern science, was born on 14 march 1879, in Ulm, Germany. During his boyhood in Munich he was shy, sensitive and unhappy. His harsh teachers, whom he called "non-commissioned officers" considered him stupid and tried to flog sense into him. When they realized that he knew more about mathematics than any of then would ever know, they disliked him even more. Albert was also made to suffer from German anti-semitism, and he hated the militarism of the German empire to such on extent that he persuated his father to promise him that he would never have to do compulsory military service in 1894, the family moved to Italy. Later Einstein received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at the university of Zurich, in Switzerland, and taught mathematics and physics at the polytechnic school in Zurich. In 1900, he became examiner: of patent in the Berne patent office, where, having become a swiss subject, he remained untill 1909. In 1911 he took the chair of physics at prague, and returned to the polytechnic school in Zurich the following year.

By 1913, Einstein was so well known that a place was made especially for him in Bertin as Director of the Kaiser-Wilhelm physical Institute-He was elected to the Royal Prussian Academy of science and received funds to enable him to devote all his time to research. In addition to membership in several other learned societies and academics, the universities of Geneva Manchester, Rostock and Princeton conferred honorary degress on him. In 1921, Einstein was the recipient of the Noble Prize. The work for which the famous scienstist is best known is his theory of Relativity.

- (i) Who was Albert Einstein?
- (ii) What do you know about his boyhood?

How can you say that Einstein hated the militarism of the (iv) German empire? From where did Einstein receive the degree of Doctor of (v) philosophy? Name university that conferred honorary degrees on him. 1 Which subject did Einstein teach at polytechnic school in Zurich? For which work is Einstein best known? Find out words from passage which mean the same as-(b) many (a) sad Write the opposite words of followings from passage— 1 (x) (b) happy . (a) ancient Section - B Imagine that you are Veghani from Khandewat. Write a letter to 2. your elder brother describing the annual function of your school held last week. .7 You may touch upon the following points-Preparation for Annual function The events and cultural activities C. Function was great success. D. Chief guests and prizes. What part did you take? Imagine you are Antima compose and e-mail to your principal requesting him to arrange extra classes for english and science as the syllabus is incomplete. Your school is going to organize "Basant Panchami" next week. Prepare a speech with the help of given outlines. (60 words) Occasion.....springdays......Goddess

An elderly man talks to a student. He asks him about his family and his studies. Write a dialogue between them. You may take help from the following hints father, his health, mother, brother, sister, age, class etc. (75 words) 6

Write a story in 70–80 words using the outlines given below.

Assign a suitable title and moral to it.

An elephant......goes to drink water.....passes by tailor's shop......gives a loaf daily.....one day his soon.....at shop......pricks needle in his trunk....elephant gets angry.....goes to the river......fills dirty water.....throws in tailor's shop......spoils all clothes.

		-							
		Se	ection - C	m im eba					
5		Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs given in the							
	br	ackets:	(,					
	(i)	Now, she	(make) tea.	1					
	·(ii)		t(complete) his hor	nework					
	,	so far.	- La (watah) T	C 37 1					
	(iii) When I entered u	he room he (watch) T						
6.		(iv) My father(be) an engineer.							
0.	rii	Fill in the blanks chossing suitable modals from brackets. (Might, Must, Should, Can, Could)							
	<i>(</i> i)	(i) Wefollow the traffic rules.							
	(ii)								
	(iii)		jump 6 feet in his childhood. y is clear, itrain today.						
	(iv)	Fire	be dangerous.	1					
7.	Fil	in the blanks with a	verb in agreement with its subje	act ·					
	(i)	Mathematics	a difficult subject. (i	s/are) 1					
	(i) (ii)	The Indians	laborious. (is/are)	1					
	(iii)	The teacher and b	istorian coming. (
	(iv)		mistaken. (is/an	n) I					
8.		ange the following se	ntences into indirect speech :	, .					
	(i)	She said to me. "I	take a glass of water"	🤈					
	(ii)	Teacher said to st	udent, "Are you going to buy a	nen for					
		your sister ?" rbse	eonline.com	2					
9.	Sele	posite in meaning to the word	given in						
	DOLO	old letter. Write A, B, C or D of correct answer in brackets							
	(i)	Beautiful		1					
		(a) ugly	(b) lovely	-					
	CT15	(c) handsome	(d) attractive	()					
	(ii)	Allow		1					
		(a) permit	(b) accept						
	(:::\	(c) command	(d) deny	. ()					
	(111)	Atrocity	455.	1					
	,	(a) cruelty	(b) kindness						
	<i></i>	(c) barbarous	(d) uncivilised	()					
	(iv)	Appear	•	i					
		(a) emerge	(b) visible						
		(c) watch	(d) disapear	()					
0.	Pick	Pick out right word from the brackets and fill in the blanks							
	(i)	(i) Shakila gave a bicycle (she/her/his) 1							
	(ii)	Anil met	at the station (i, me, my)	i					
	(iii)	Prachi invited	to her party (thev/them/t	heir) Î					
	(iv)	The farmer took	to his field (they/their	/them) 1					
١.		the blanks with ann	ropiate preposition given in b	ruicin) ·					
••	<i>(</i> i)	She made a rague	t her teacher (an #==	to)					
	(i) She made a requesther teacher (on/for/to)								
	(ii)								
		He jumped		i					
	(iv)	He get ear	ly in the morning (up/to/of)	1					
		_	,	-					

12.	Giv	e one word for each of following group of words	
	(i)	Father and Mother — P	1
	(ii)	A place of worship for Hindus — T	I
	•	Section-D	
13.	Rea	d the following passage carefully and answer the question	IS
	give	en below it.	ıf
		The subject assigned to me is, "what are the prospects of	S
	den	nocracy in India?" Most Indians speak with great pride a ugh their country was already a democracy. The foreigner	s
	thou	o, when they sit at a dinner table to do diplomatic honorr to	0
	aiso	ia, speak of the Great Indian Prime minister and the Gree	ŧ
	Indi	an Domocrocy	
		Them this it is hold without waiting to argue that when	e
	ther	b anublic there must be democracy. It is also suppose	•
		Loro thoro to partiament which is diddled by the books of	
		1 Kracks and the lows are made by the people.	_
	poli	tical instrument and where this pointical instrument of the	
	is d	emocracy.	S
	£		
	dem	ocracy is more than a form of Government. It is primarily	a.
	mod	to cracy is more than a form of Government. It is provided to be of associated living—the roots of Democracy and to be ched in the social relationship, in the terms of associated living—the provided by the form a society.	e
	searc	een the people who form a society.	
		What subject was assigned to the author? What subject was assigned to the author?	ļ
	(i) (ii)	What subject was assigned to the additional democracy? How do most Indians speak about Indian democracy?	i
	(iii)	How do most finding speak and the speak and	l O
	(iv)	Where is democracy generally considered to be in existence	ť
	(••)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
	(v)	What is there where there is Parliament?	1
	(ví)	What is meant by adult suffrage?	1
	(vii)	Who makes laws in Parliament?	ì
	→ (viii)	What is democracy different from?	î
	(ix)	Make plural forms of given words (a) country (b) instrument	•
	<i>(</i> -)	(a) country (b) instrument Find from passage the words which mean	1
	(x)	(a) Possibilites, chances of being successful	•
4	Ancu	(b) Given yer any three of the following questions in 10–30 words:	
4.	Answ	(2+2+2=	5)
	(i)	What did Kalam's meal in childhood normally consist of	3
	(1)	(The power of praye	r١
	(ii)	Why are good manners important? Good manners	
	(iii)	How did Gandhi look at the theme of social service?	,
	(111)	(The Heritage of India	a)

14.

5 APS-(905) English Where did the women porticipants perform great deeds?
(women's Role in national movement) Answer any three of the following questions in 20-30 words (2+2+2)=6What, according to Tagore, are some of the qualities that the land of freedom should have? (The heaven of freedom) What, according to the mother, is the story of origin of the chanpak trees? (Ecology) What makes the speaker in the poem angry the day after the first rein year after year. (Ecology) Who is speaker? What does poem reveal about the speaker's character? Answer any three of the following questions in 20-30 words Is the king satisfy with answers of the various learned men? In not, why? (Three questions) What did the girl say about Mussoorie? (The eyes are not here) What did the king do to remove the horns from his head? (The king and the Drum) Comment on Sir. Mohan lal's manner of speech. (Karma) Explain the lines with context and reference. -Where the mind is without fear and -The head is held high -Where knowledge is free Where the world has not been broken
 Up into fragments by harrow domestic walls
 Where words come out from depth of truth -Where tireless striving stretches its arms towards prefection Or -The day after the first rain - for years I would come home —in a rage. -for I could see, from a mile away -out there Red champale trees —had done it again. Answer any one of the following questions in 60-80 words 4 What do you know about Kalm's family? Explain (Power of prayer) According to Bose, women can serve in freedom struggle in various capacities How? (Women's Role in the National Movement) Answer any one of the following questions in 60-80 words 4 19. Why did the king run out of the palace? (The king and the Drum) Did the postmaster miss his family? What did he do in (The Post Master) such moments?